# Distech Controls IP Networking Guide

**User Guide** 



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# Introduction

There are two main approaches to network separation:

- □ A completely air-gapped Operational Technology (OT) network. This means it has its own Internet access, firewalls, gateway, authentication server. It may even be managed by a different entity.
- □ A standalone OT network connected to the corporate/IT network through a firewall.

Optigo Networks and Distech Controls recommend separated, air-gapped networks for OT and IT networks. This will ensure optimal performance and security for your HVAC integration.

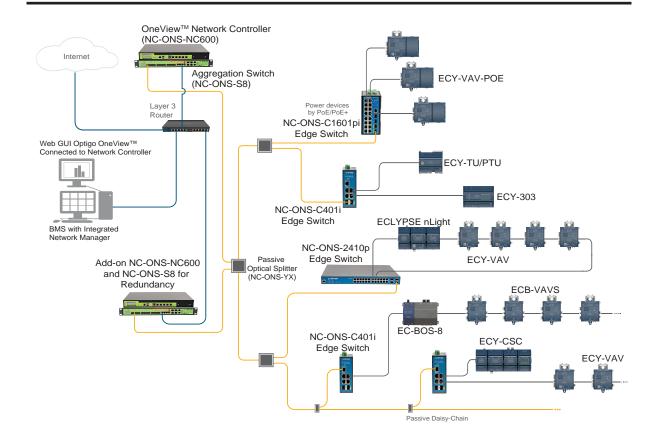
Although we recommend air-gapped separation, the network can still be managed or connected through a controlled path (VPN, router, and firewall) to the corporate/IT network.

# **Choosing Edge Switches**

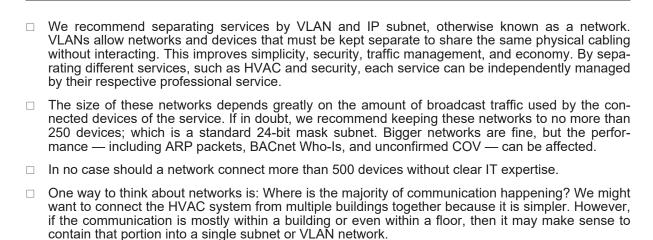
	Optigo Networks offers different types of edge switches, ranging from four port with no PoE to 48 port with PoE plus.
	Your decision will likely be based on cost, size, number of ports needed, and specific characteristics such as PoE and temperature requirements.
Ec	dge Switch Models:
	NC-ONS-C401i
	<ul> <li>4-port, small form-factor, industrial temperature rated, wall and DIN mountable Edge Switch.</li> </ul>
	NC-ONS-C810p
	<ul> <li>8-port, 1RU rack mountable Edge Switch with PoE.</li> </ul>
	NC-ONS-C801pi
	<ul> <li>8-port, PoE+, industrial temperature rated, small form, DIN mountable Edge Switch.</li> </ul>
	NC-ONS-C1601pi
	<ul> <li>16-port, PoE+, industrial temperature rated, small form, DIN mountable Edge Switch.</li> </ul>
	NC-ONS-C2410p
	<ul><li>24-port, PoE+, 1RU rack mountable Edge Switch.</li></ul>
	NC-ONS-C4801p
	<ul><li>48-port, PoE+, 1RU rack mountable Edge Switch.</li></ul>
=	PoE devices require one port for each device. When choosing your Edge Switch, keep in mind that the number of ports on a PoE enabled switch must be equal to or greater than the number of PoE devices you require.

# **Example of a Separated Network with**

# Redundancy

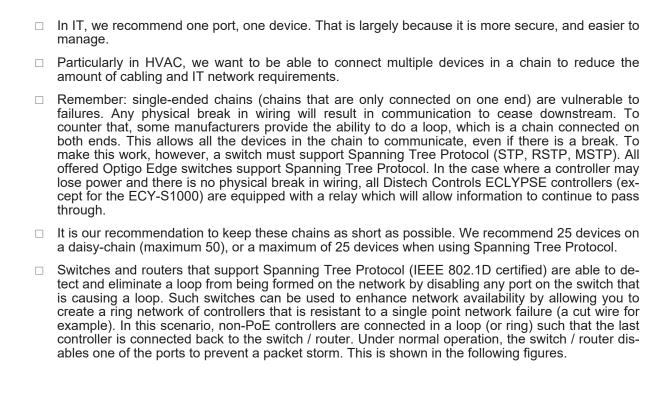


# CHAPTER 4 Subnets / VLANs



- Communication between different networks (subnets or VLANs) can be done several ways, however, in all cases, the supervisory device being used must be correctly configured to see all required VLAN's on the network.
  - Networks (Aggregation switch, PC, internet, VLANs) can be connected to a dedicated Layer 3 Router. Using this option to allow communication between multiple VLANs requires that the IP address for each VLAN with a different subnet be entered into a router table for the Layer 3 Router to pass traffic. If using the Layer 3 Router with the router management license provided by Optigo, all VLAN routing is easily done using OneView. This is the recommended option for continuous and uninterrupted cross-communication between VLANs.
  - Networks also can be routed through a supervisor such as EC-Net. However, VLAN cross-communication is only possible while the computer running the supervisor is on. If ever the computer fails, cross-communication will cease.
  - BBMD may be used for cross-subnet communications, but it requires a more extensive setup process.

# **IT Network**



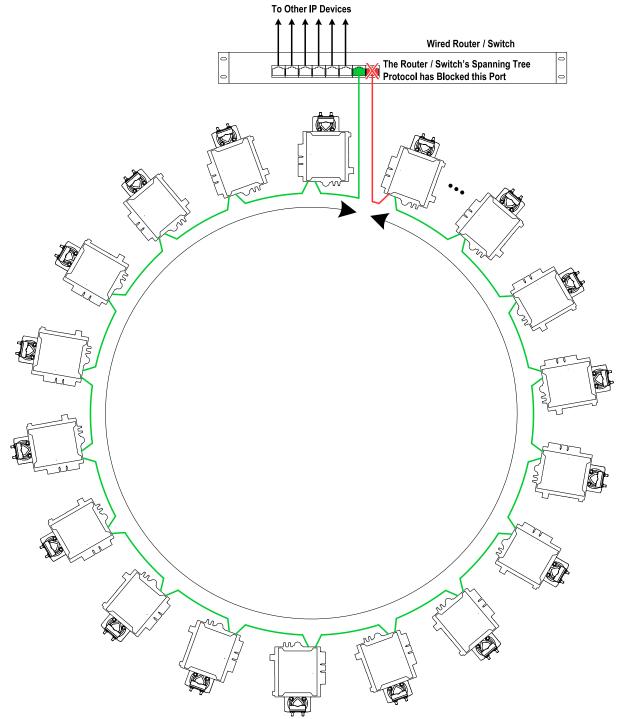


Figure 1: Spanning Tree Protocol – Normal Operation

When a network wire is cut, the ring is split into two – the switch / router automatically enables the port to maintain service. This is shown below.

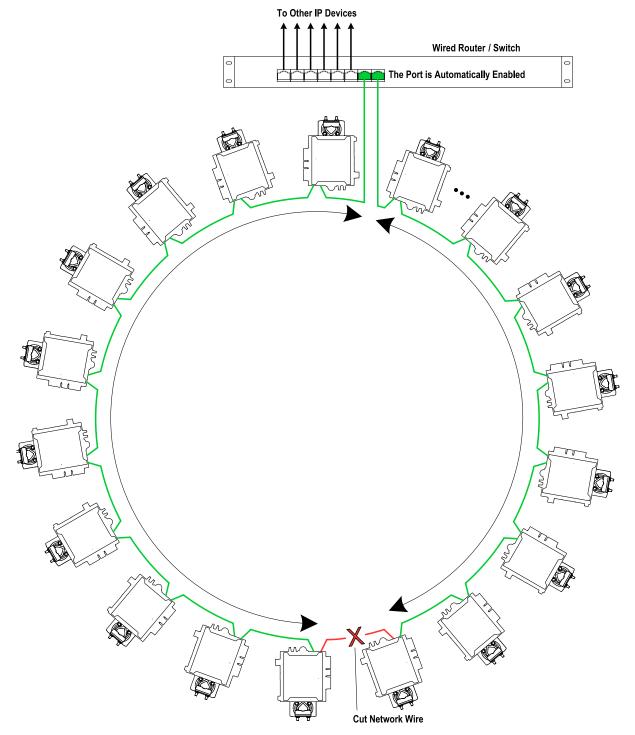


Figure 2: Spanning Tree Protocol – Failover Operation

# **About Edge Switches**

Several features are standard on all Optigo Edge Switches and should be kept in mind when designing and managing your network.

#### **Default IP Addresses**

All Optigo Edge Switches have the same factory assigned default IP address.

#### **Small Building Network**

- □ If using only one NC-ONS-C401i or NC-ONS-C810p Edge Switch, and an aggregation switch is **NOT** being used:
  - Port management is done through the last port on the Edge Switch (VLAN 4093) directly with a PC.

#### Small to Medium Sized Hybrid Networks

- ☐ If using only an NC-ONS-NC600 with one or more Edge Switches:
  - The OneView Management system auto assigns a unique IP address to all Optigo Edge Switches it finds.

#### Medium to Large Sized Fiber Networks

- ☐ If using several Edge Switches, an NC-ONS-S8 and NC-ONS-NC600:
  - The OneView Management system auto assigns a unique IP address to all Optigo Edge Switches it finds.
  - If using a redundant system (fibre only), both NC-ONS-S8 aggregation switches have the ability to synchronize Edge Switch IP and port settings through the OneView Management system.

# Controller Wiring Recommendations

### Distech Controls Fail-Safe Ethernet

To support fail-safe Ethernet, the onboard switch on the ECY-VAV model, ECY-303 models and ECY-PTU models, have a bypass capability that links inbound and outbound network segments together when there is a disruption (controller or transformer failure, for example). Under normal operating conditions, the onboard switch regenerates the electrical signal when it forwards the IP packet to the next device to a maximum of 100 m (328 ft).

#### Maximum Wiring Lengths

When there is a failure and the switch is being bypassed, the network segments on both sides of the controller are directly connected, however, the same length limit applies. This means that the total maximum Cat 5e cable length between one functional switch and the next functional switch cannot exceed 100 m. (328 ft). Therefore, during installation, it is recommended that the cable length between controllers be no more than 50m (164 ft) so that if ever one device fails, the total cable length between both working devices is less than 100 m (328 ft) as shown in the following diagram.

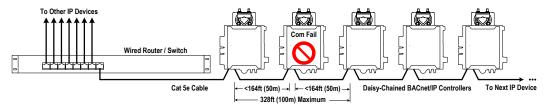


Figure 3: Wired Network Connection: Daisy-Chained ECY-VAV / ECY-303 / ECY-PTU Controllers with Fail-Safe Ethernet Support

Keep in mind that if there are consecutive controller failures, it is possible that the 100 m (328 ft) limit between working controllers is exceeded, and communication will cease. In this case, precaution must be taken with regards to maximum wiring length between controllers based on the number of potential consecutive controller failures. The wiring lengths should be respected in order for the network to continue functioning adequately in case of controller or transformer failure.

The maximum wiring lengths also take into consideration power wiring lengths. There should be no more than five controllers per 100 VA transformer. If there are extra loads on a controller (Allure UNITOUCH or Allure EC-Smart-Vue, for example), the maximum number of controllers per transformer may be less than five. Please see the *ECLYPSE User Guide* for more information on transformer selection and determining the maximum power run length.

Shown below are two scenarios showing maximum wiring lengths for 25 controllers (maximum ECY controllers wired in a loop), and 50 controllers (maximum ECY controllers on a straight daisy-chain) with no external loads.

Number of acceptable device failures	Total max wire length including the Switch					
of consecutive ECY controllers while	25 Controllers in a		50 Controllers in a		Max wire length be-	
still maintaining a fully functioning	Loop		Daisy-Chain		tween two devices	
network	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet
1	1300	4264	2550	8364	50	164
2	867	2843	1700	5576	33	109
3	650	2132	1275	4182	25	82
4	520	1706	1020	3346	20	66
5	433	1421	850	2788	17	55
6	371	1218	729	2390	14	47
7	325	1066	638	2091	13	41
8	289	948	567	1859	11	36
9	260	853	510	1673	10	33
10	236	775	464	1521	9	30
11	217	711	425	1394	8	27
12	200	656	392	1287	8	25
13	186	609	364	1195	7	23
14	173	569	340	1115	7	22
15	163	533	319	1046	6	21
16	153	502	300	984	6	19
17	144	474	283	929	6	18
18	137	449	268	880	5	17
19	130	426	255	836	5	16
20	124	406	243	797	5	16
21	118	388	232	760	5	15
22	113	371	222	727	4	14
23	108	355	213	697	4	14
24	104	341	204	669	4	13

Table 1: Maximum wiring lengths for ECY controllers

#### EXAMPLE with five potential controller failures while maintaining communication

If the building specification permits a potential scenario where five (5) device failures are acceptable, then based on the table above:

- maximum wiring length between any two consecutive devices can be no more than 17 meters (55 ft)

#### WITH EITHER

- -25 controllers in a loop with a total maximum length of 433 meters (1421 ft) OR
- -50 controllers in a daisy-chain total with a total maximum length of 850 meters (2788 ft)

If your architecture is specified outside of these two scenarios, maximum wiring lengths can be calculated as follows. Keep in mind that a daisy-chain can have a maximum of 50 controllers, and a loop can have a maximum of 25 controllers.

```
(a/(b+1))*(c+1) = Total maximum wiring length
(a/(b+1)) = Maximum length between two controllers
Where:
a = 100m or 328ft
b = Number of acceptable consecutive ECY controller failures
c = Total number of ECY controllers (excluding $1000)
```

# **Hybrid Topologies**

A hybrid topology can consist of different wiring types such as copper Ethernet, single-mode fiber, multi-mode fiber, or mixed cabling and must include an NC-ONS-NC600 Network Controller, and at least one switch to act as an aggregation switch. The Optigo Edge Switches that are supported for use as the aggregation switch in a hybrid system (i.e. the very first switch after the NC-ONS-NC600) are:

- □ NC-ONS-C401i
- □ NC-ONS-C801pi
- □ NC-ONS-C810p
- □ NC-ONS-C2401p

After this first Edge / Aggregation Switch, any switch model may be used in the system.

The correct transceiver plug-in (SFP) must be used for each wiring type and the number of Edge Switches should be limited to 20.

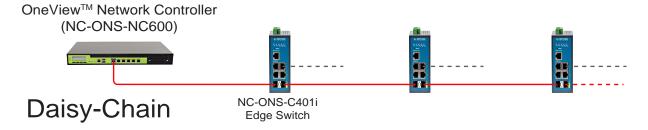


IP network traffic must be carefully considered when designing a network that includes BACnet IP devices. Contact Technical Support if your network requires more than 50 ECY devices.

#### **Daisy Chain**

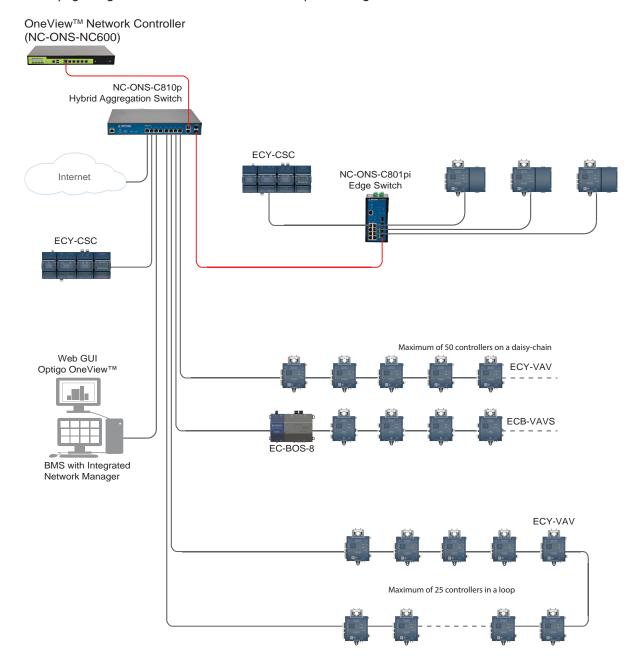
Connecting one device at a time along a line. This topology is very good for minimizing the amount of cabling and space required. This is the recommended topology.

We recommend connecting the servers through a core switch that connects directly to ports on the Optigo aggregation switch.



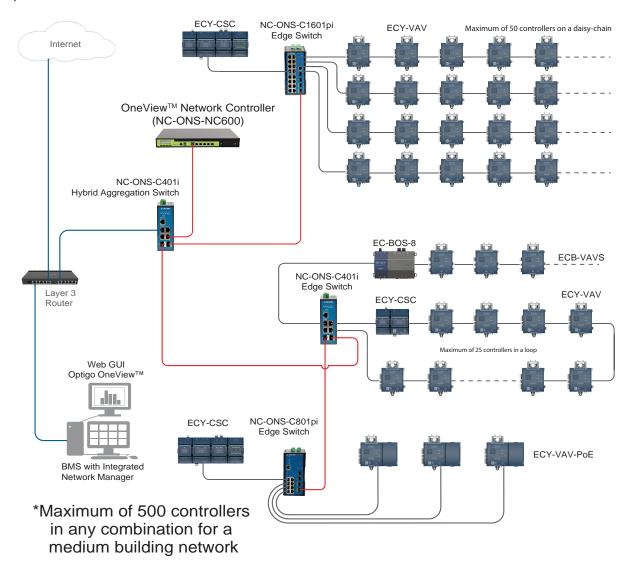
# Small Building Hybrid Network

A small building network can consist of up to 50 devices and may use an NC-ONS-NC600 and at least one Optigo Edge Switch with a minimum of two ports being used.



## Medium Building Hybrid Network

A medium building network may consist of up to 500 devices and use a recommended minimum of 20 ports.



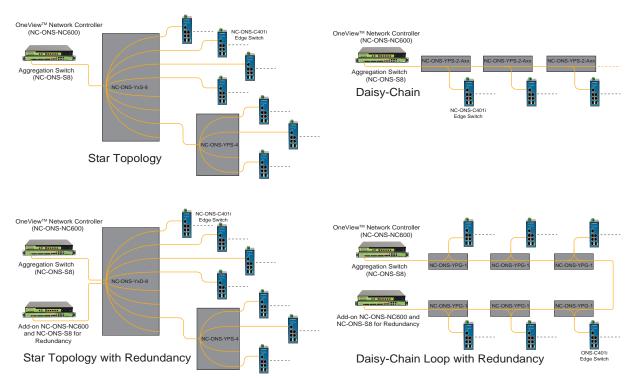
# Single-Mode Fiber Topologies

A single-mode fiber topology uses single-mode fiber only and must include both an NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch and an NC-ONS-NC600 Network Controller. These topologies can be made into redundant systems and should consist of more than 20 Edge Switches.

There are three major fiber topologies:

- 1. Star: one input with multiple outputs. These can be stacked, as a star connecting to another star. These topologies are very popular in scenarios such as connecting multiple buildings such as a campus, or in a shopping center going into multiple wings.
- 2. Daisy Chain: connecting one device at a time along a line. This one is very good for minimizing the amount of cabling and space required. This scenario is often used in high-rise buildings. A daisy chain connected on one end is very susceptible to failures, however.
- 3. Redundancy can be added to both Star and Daisy Chain topologies. Star redundancy is two inputs to multiple outputs. Daisy chain redundancy turns into a loop.

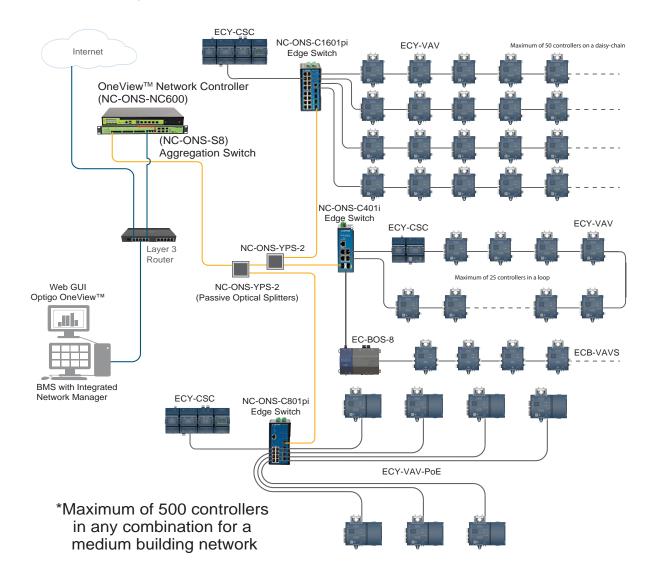
We recommend connecting the servers through a core switch that connects directly to ports on the Optigo aggregation switch.



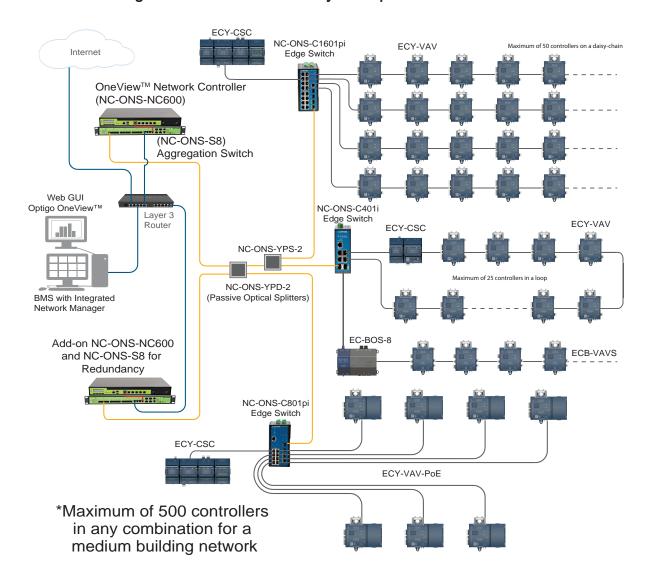
## Medium Building Fiber Network

A medium building network may consist of up to 500 devices and use a minimum recommended 20 ports.

#### Medium Building Network Example



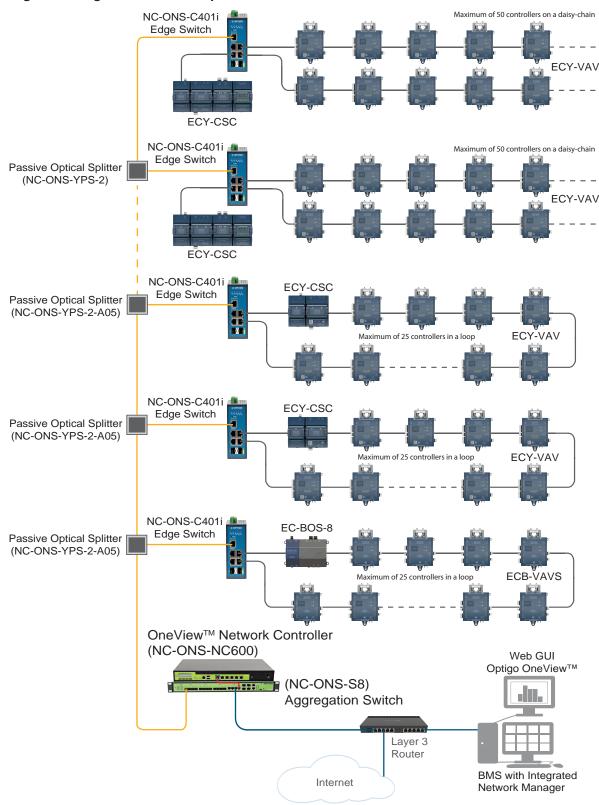
#### Medium Building Network with Redundancy Example



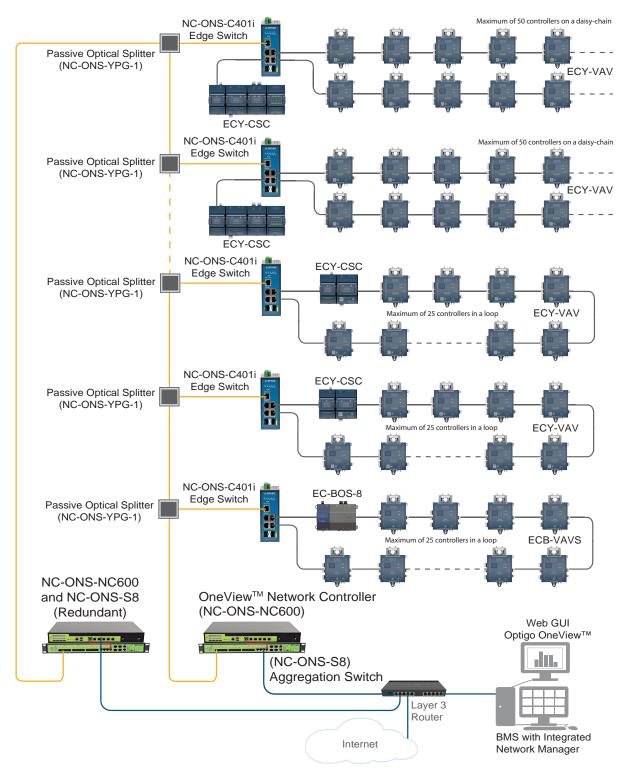
## Large Building Fiber Network

A large building network can consist of 500 or more devices. Technical Support should be contacted for help to correctly set up a network of this size.

#### Large Building Network Example



### Large Building Network with Redundancy Example



## Fiber Requirements

Only single-mode fiber is acceptable for use with Optigo networked systems that include both an NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch and an NC-ONS-NC600 Network Controller.

Either OS1 or OS2 grade fiber is acceptable. The fiber must have an internal diameter of 9 microns, an external diameter of 125 microns and must be terminated with SC/UPC connectors.

Only a single strand of fiber is required for each fiber run. Pairs are not required since Optigo uses separate wavelengths of light to enable bidirectional traffic on a single fiber.

Insertion losses must be less than 0.3 dB / termination plus 1.0 dB / km.

Maximum Optical Budget of fiber insertion loss is -30 dB for any path from Aggregation Switch to Edge Switch. Optigo recommends designing for -26 dB. Insertion loss for Optigo branded passive optical splitters can vary based on the type of splitter required for the application.

Optigo equipment requires a minimum insertion loss of -13 dB to ensure reliable information transfer. If this minimum cannot be reached due to the smaller size of an installation, an attenuator can be used to reach this minimum.

For larger installations, a "light" budget must be followed during the planning of the installation to be sure that insertion loss does not exceed the recommended -26 dB. If the number of splitters required on a single fiber run results in the -26 dB maximum being exceeded, an additional laser and fiber run should be considered.

## **About Fiber Splitters**

Different fiber splitters are required for different situations. For example, the splitter needed for a daisy-chain topology is not the same splitter needed for a loop. In addition, insertion loss is also not the same for each splitter.

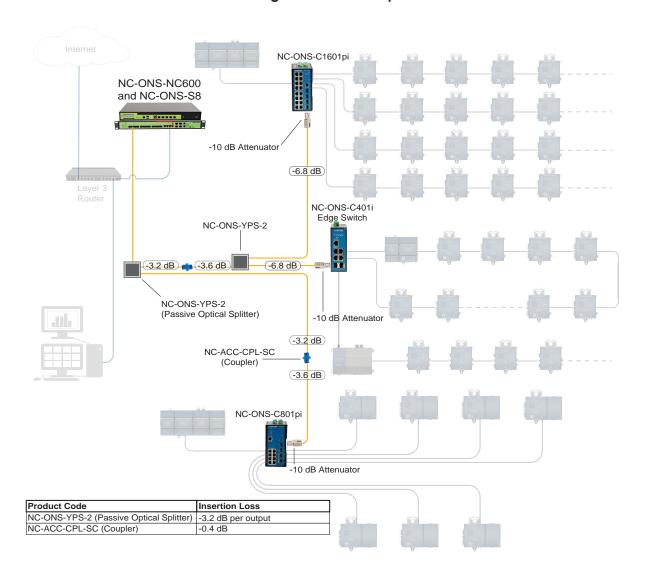
In some installations, couplers may also be required when lengths between splitters is so long that a patch cable is necessary. Each coupler has an insertion loss of -0.4 dB.

If the total insertion loss does not reach -13 dB when it reaches an Edge Switch, a light attenuator is required.

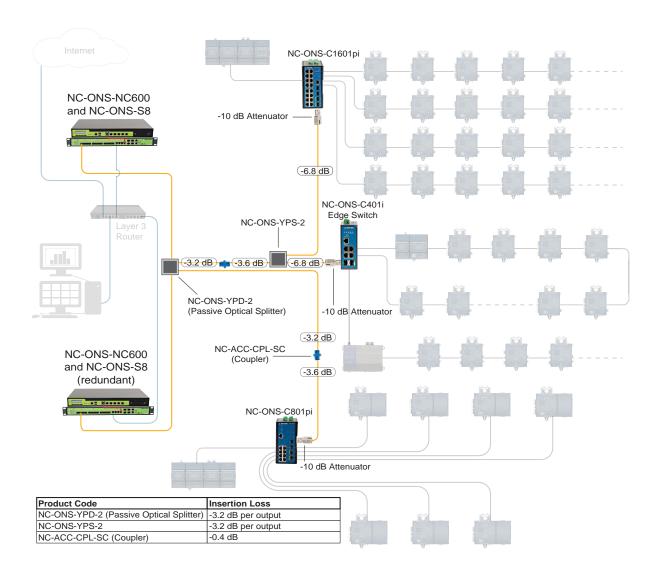
These factors must be taken into account when designing your network.

## **Medium Building Fiber Attenuation**

## Insertion Loss for a Medium Building Network Example

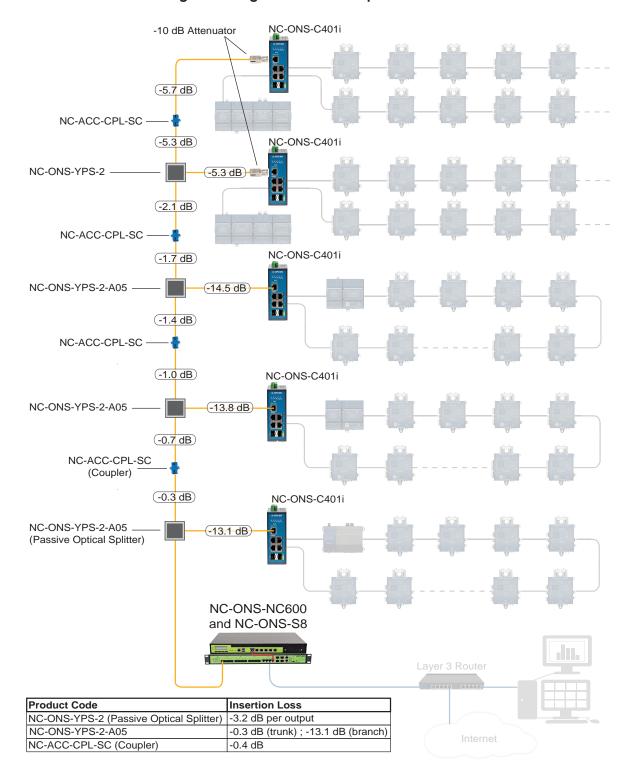


## Insertion Loss for a Medium Building Network with Redundancy Example

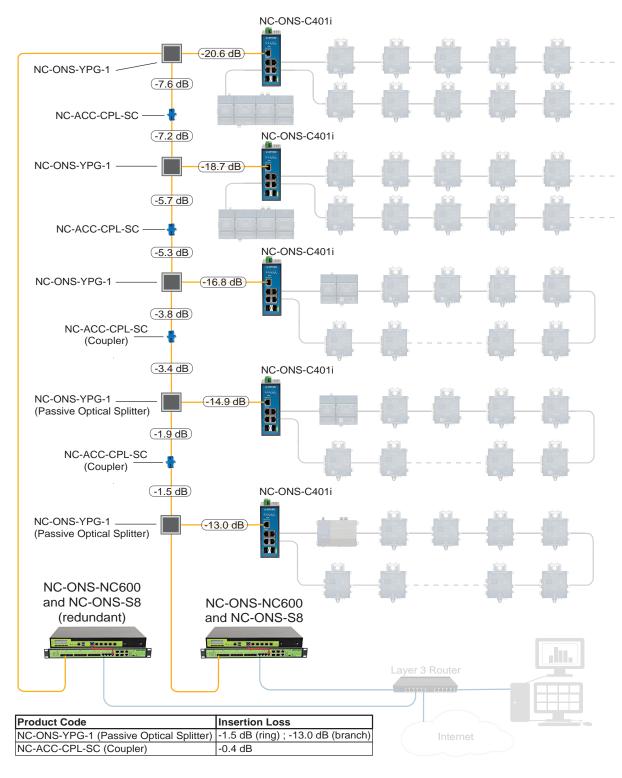


## Large Building Fiber Attenuation

#### Insertion Loss for a Large Building Network Example



### Insertion Loss for a Large Building Network with Redundancy Example



# Installing and Setting Up the NC-ONS-S8 and NC-ONS-NC600

Re	quired a	ccessories for installation:
	NC-ON	S-S8 (Network Controller)
	NC-ON	S-NC600 (Aggregation Switch)
	Edge S	witch(es)
	Power	cords (1 for the NC-ONS-NC600, 2 for the NC-ONS-S8, 1 per Edge Switch)
	Etherne	et cables
	NC-ON	S-SX-SFP(s) (one for each fiber connection to the NC-ONS-S8)
	NC-ON	S-CX-SFP(s) (one for each fiber connection to an Edge Switch)
	Passive	e Optical Network (PON) Splitter(s)
	Fiber cl	eaner
	Access	to Internet (optional)
	Google	Chrome web browser
NC	C-ONS	NC600 and NC-ONS-S8
is ł ma	now it is ike this	NS-NC600 is intended to be mounted in a server rack directly above the NC-ONS-S8, which depicted in this document. However, if cable routing requirements on the NC-ONS-S8 inconvenient, you can mount the NC-ONS-NC600 below the NC-ONS-S8 or even a few a saway. We do recommend that you keep them in the same rack though, if practical.
Ed	lge Sw	itches and Fiber
Sw and The	ritches (e d powere e fiber n	fore configuring your single-mode fiber network with Optigo's OneView software, all Edge e.g. NC-ONS-C2401p, NC-ONS-C810p, etc) should be installed in their intended locations ed up, but with no OT devices (e.g. VAV controllers, cameras, etc) connected to them. etwork (fiber cables, splitters, and couplers) should be installed and connected to all of the hes via NC-ONS-CX-SFP's plugged into the Edge Switches' OPT ports.
		Until instructed to do so, do not connect any fiber cables to the to the NC-ONS-S8's OPT ports.
		Do not uncap your fiber cables until you are ready to use them.
		Ensure that you plug the correct SFP into the correct device.
		<ul> <li>The NC-ONS-SX-SFP only connects to OPT ports (OPT 1 - OPT 8) on the front of the NC-ONS-S8.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The NC-ONS-CX-SFP only connects to OPT ports on Edge Switches (e.g. NC-ONS-C2401p, NC-ONS-C801p, etc).</li> </ul>

## NC-ONS-S8 and NC-ONS-NC600 Connections

#### **Ethernet Cables**

Using a short ethernet cable, connect the NC-ONS-S8 to the NC-ONS-NC600 through each of their respective MGMT ports. Then, using another ethernet cable, connect your computer to port **D6** on the NC-ONS-S8 no other network connections. This is the computer that will be used for the initial set-up of your NC-ONS-S8 system.



#### **Power Cables**

With its two red power switches in the ON position (see photo below), connect both of the ONS-S8's included AC power cables to the AC power inputs on the back.

Then immediately connect the ONS-NC600's included AC power cable to its rear AC power input.

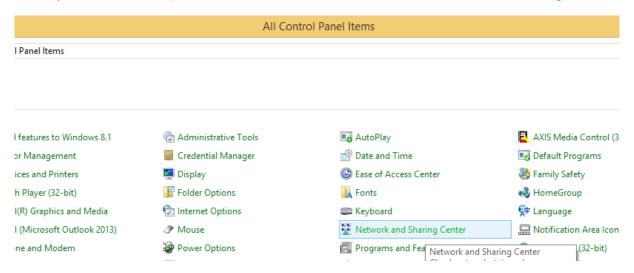


You may have to press the NC-ONS-NC600's black power switch on the back of the unit the first time it is plugged in



## Configuring PC Network Settings

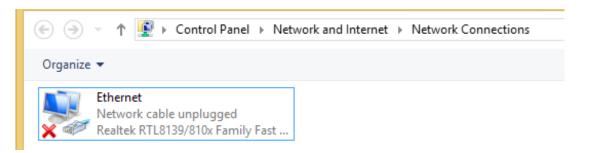
1. On your Windows computer, access the Control Panel and select Network and Sharing Center.



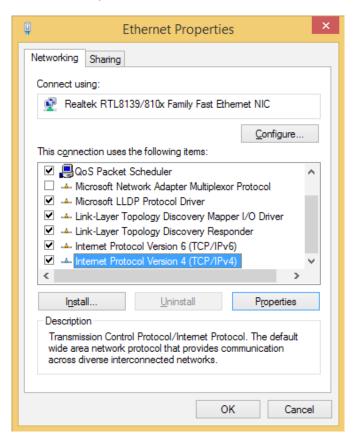
2. Select Change Adapter Settings.



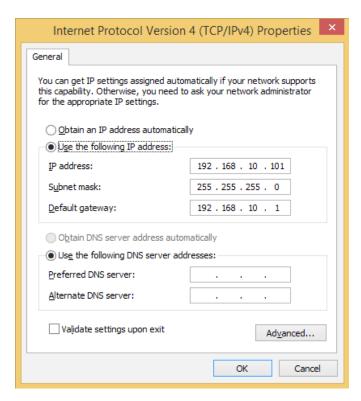
3. Click on the Ethernet option.



4. Select IPv4, and then click on Properties.



5. Input the provided IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway. Click **OK** when you are ready to proceed.



## Logging into Optigo OneView™

Now you will be able to login to the Optigo OneView graphical user interface (GUI).

1. Enter the default management IP address, **192.168.10.254**, into your Google Chrome web browser.



Only Google's free Chrome web browser is officially supported

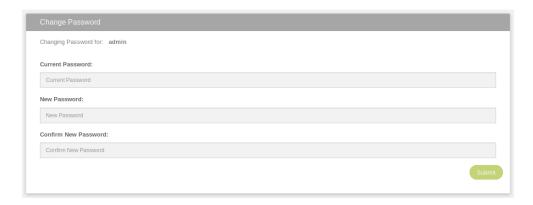
2. Use the default username admin and password \_admin\_.



3. Click on the menu icon (3 horizontal lines in the top right), select **Settings**, and then go to the **Change Password** section. Enter a hard-to-guess password that only you will remember, and then click **Submit**.



Please remember your new password. If you forget your password, please contact Technical Support.



## Setting the Time and Date

Once logged into OneView, navigate to **System > Config** and click the **Edit** button in the Date and Time section to set the correct time.



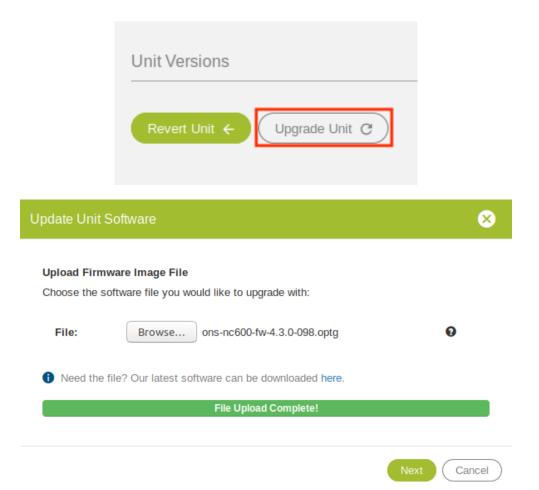
## **Upgrading to the Latest Software**

If you haven't already done so, download the latest *ONS-NC600 software package* and put a copy of it on the computer connected to the ONS-S8.

Navigate to **System > Version > Unit Versions**, click the **Upgrade Unit** button, and follow the prompts to complete the software upgrade.



Don't forget to click 'Next' after the file has been uploaded

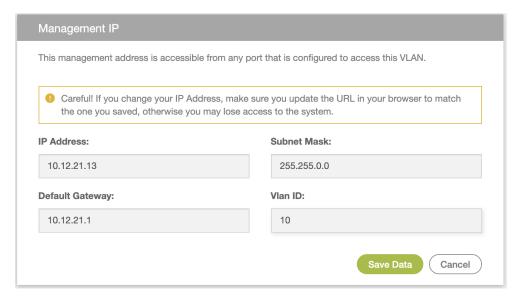


## Configuring Network Settings and VLAN Management

1. Navigate to the **Ports** page and change the VLAN for port **d7** to a unique value that will *only* be used for OneView management (e.g. 10).



- 2. Navigate to System > Config > Management IP.
- 3. Configure the NC-ONS-S8's IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway to be compatible with your BMS network or dedicated management PC.
- 4. Set the VLAN ID to the same value you used for port **D7** (e.g. 10). For added security, we recommended not using common default subnets for your management interface or the devices connected to your Edge Switches (e.g. 192.168.1.x, 192.168.0.x, etc).





The values above are just examples.

Save your settings and then connect your BMS network or dedicated management PC to port D7 on the NC-ONS-S8.



ONLY connect your BMS network or dedicated management computer to a D-port on your ONS-S8, NEVER to an Edge Switch port.



6. Log into OneView™ again using the new management IP address in your Chrome web browser.

## **Connecting Fiber**

1. Insert an NC-ONS-SX-SFP into each OPT port that will be used on the NC-ONS-S8.





ONLY insert SFP modules into SFP ports if they are going to be connected to something.

- 2. Confirm that all edge switches have been powered on and are connected to their fiber networks (i.e. fiber cables, splitters, and NC-ONS-CX-SFP's).
- 3. Uncap a fiber cable and insert it into its correct NC-ONS-SX-SFP on the NC-ONS-S8. Repeat until all fiber cables have been connected.





NEVER plug an ONS-CX-SFP into ANY of the ONS-S8 OPT ports! ONLY the ONS-SX-SFP is permitted.



Anytime you are using splitters or fiber, only uncap the ends when you are ready to connect to a device. Keep the splitter and fiber ends capped when not in use.



You may need to use an attenuator, to ensure that the light is not too strong for the transceiver. The recommended minimum insertion loss is around 10 dB. The recommended max dBm is around -5. This will prevent saturation.

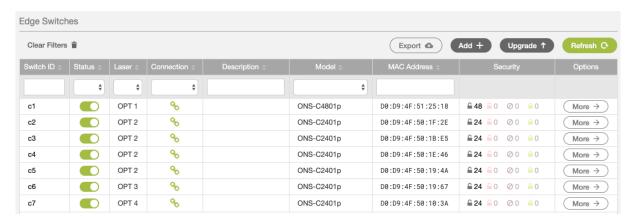
Ideal Insertion Loss Minimum	13 dB
Ideal Insertion Loss Maximum	26 dB

## Registering Edge Switches

- 1. Navigate to the Edge Switches menu.
- 2. Confirm that all Edge Switches have been automatically registered.



It may take some time, depending on the number of Edge Switches in your system.



# **CHAPTER 11**

# Installing and Setting Up a Hybrid Network

Re	equired accessories for installation:
	NC-ONS-NC600 (Aggregation Switch)
	Hybrid Aggregation Switch (ONS-C401i, ONS-C801pi, ONS-C810p, or ONS-C2401p)*
	Edge Switch(es)
	Power cords (1 for the ONS-NC600, 1 for the Hybrid Aggregation Switch, 1 per Edge Switch)
	Ethernet cables
	Hybrid SFPs (e.g. NC-ONS-CU-SFP, 2 per switch, including the Edge Switches and Hybrid Aggregation Switch)
	Access to Internet (optional)
	Google Chrome web browser
=	Hybrid Aggregation Switches are simply Optigo Edge Switches configured as such by OneView
NO	C-ONS-NC600 and Hybrid Aggregation Switch
gre if c	e NC-ONS-NC600 is intended to be mounted in a server rack directly above the chosen Hybrid Aggration Switch (NC-ONS-C401i, NC-ONS-C801pi, NC-ONS-C810p, or NC-ONS-C2401p). However, cable routing requirements make this inconvenient, you can mount the NC-ONS-NC600 below the igregation Switch or even a few rack spaces away. We do recommend that you keep them in the me rack though, if practical.
Ec	dge Switches and Connections
Ed	eally, before configuring your hybrid system with Optigo's OneView software, install and power up all lge Switches (e.g. NC-ONS-C2401p, NC-ONS-C810p, etc.) in their intended locations. Do not conct any OT devices (e.g. VAV controllers, cameras, etc.) to them.
CL the	of the Edge Switches should be daisy-chained together via Optigo-approved SFPs (e.g. NC-ONS- J-SFP), using copper, multimode fiber, or a mix of both. The OPT SFP port of every new switch in e daisy chain should be connected to the OPT-R SFP port of the switch before it, all the way up to e first Edge Switch in the daisy chain.
=	Do not connect any SFPs to the Hybrid Aggregation Switch until specifically instructed to do so.

# Aggregation Switch and NC-ONS-NC600 Connections

1. Connect AC Power and turn on the NC-ONS-NC600 and the supported Optigo edge switch that you've chosen to use for your aggregation switch (e.g. NC-ONS-C810p).



You may have to press the NC-ONS-NC600's black power switch on the back of the unit the first time it is plugged in



2. Reset the Aggregation Switch to Factory Default Settings by holding the reset button down on your chosen Aggregation Switch until the all of the lights flash on.



Connect a short Ethernet cable between the port marked 'MGMT' on the NC-ONS-NC600 and the
designated management port on your chosen Aggregation Switch (see table below). Refer to Connecting a Hybrid System, which contains connection diagrams for all 4 supported aggregation
switches.

Model	Port
NC-ONS-C401i	4
NC-ONS-C801pi	8
NC-ONS-C810p	9
NC-ONS-C2401p	24



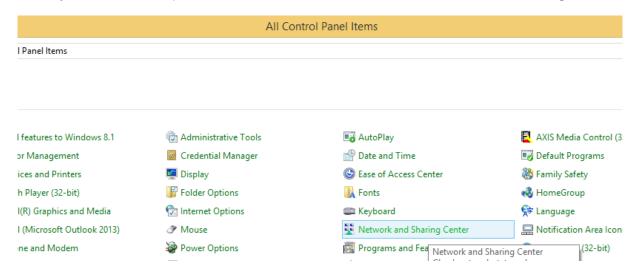


4. Connect a cable from a computer directly to port 1 on your aggregation switch. You will use this computer for initial OneView configuration.



# Configuring PC Network Settings

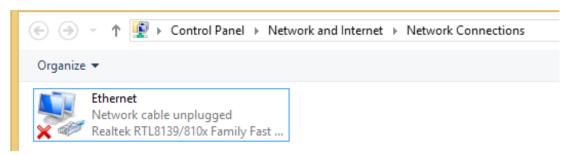
1. On your Windows computer, access the Control Panel and select Network and Sharing Center.



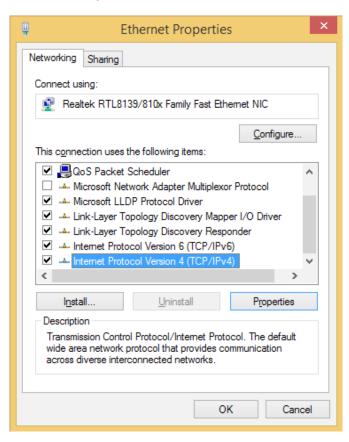
2. Select Change Adapter Settings.



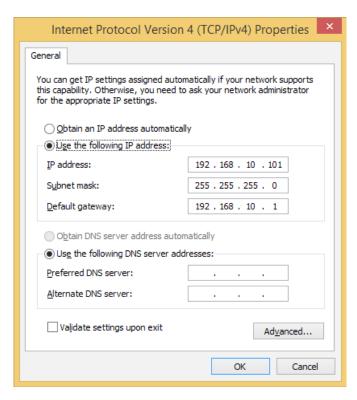
3. Click on the **Ethernet** option.



4. Select IPv4, and then click on Properties.



5. Input the provided IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway. Click **OK** when you are ready to proceed.



# Logging into Optigo OneView™

Now you will be able to login to the Optigo OneView graphical user interface (GUI).

1. Enter the default management IP address, **192.168.10.254**, into your Google Chrome web browser.



Only Google's free Chrome web browser is officially supported

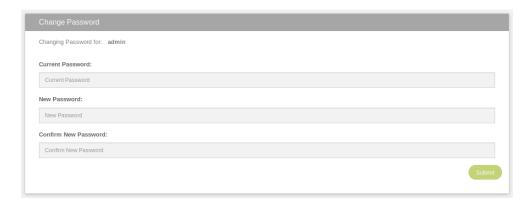
2. Use the default username admin and password \_admin\_.



3. Click on the menu icon (3 horizontal lines in the top right), select **Settings**, and then go to the **Change Password** section. Enter a hard-to-guess password that only you will remember, and then click **Submit**.



Please remember your new password. If you forget your password, please contact Technical Support.



## Setting the Time and Date

Once logged into OneView, navigate to **System > Config** and click the **Edit** button in the Date and Time section to set the correct time.



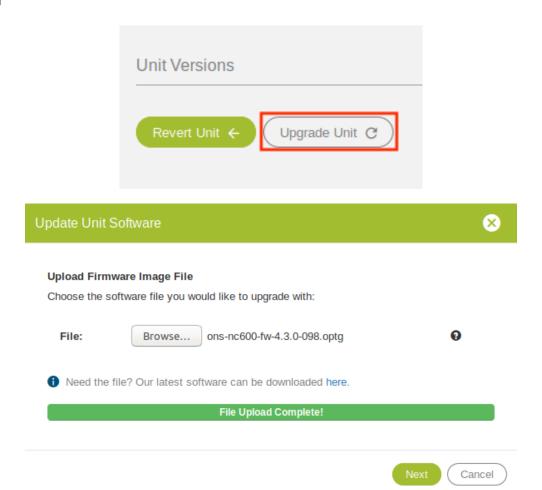
## **Upgrading to the Latest Software**

If you haven't already done so, download the latest *ONS-NC600 software package* and put a copy of it on the computer connected to the ONS-S8.

Navigate to **System > Version > Unit Versions**, click the **Upgrade Unit** button, and follow the prompts to complete the software upgrade.



Don't forget to click 'Next' after the file has been uploaded

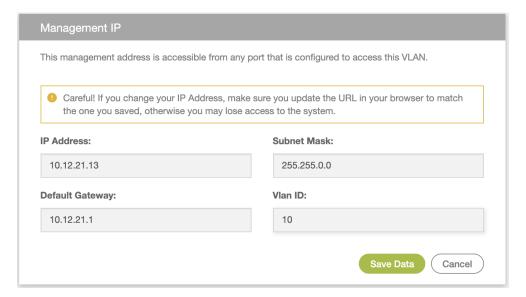


## Configuring Network Settings and VLAN Management

1. Navigate to the **Ports** page and change the VLAN for port **d2** to a unique value that will *only* be used for OneView management (e.g. 10).



- 2. Navigate to System > Config > Management IP.
- 3. Configure the NC-ONS-NC600's IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway to be compatible with your BMS network or dedicated management PC.
- 4. Set the VLAN ID to the same value you used for port **d2** (e.g. 10) in the previous step. For added security, we recommended not using common default subnets for your management interface or the devices connected to your Edge Switches (e.g. 192.168.1.x, 192.168.0.x, etc).





The values above are just examples.

5. Save your settings and then connect your BMS network or dedicated management PC to port **d2** on the Aggregation Switc.



ONLY connect your BMS network or dedicated management computer to a D-port on your Aggregation Switch, NEVER to an Edge Switch port.



6. Log into OneView™ again using the new management IP address in your Chrome web browser.

# Connecting SFP's

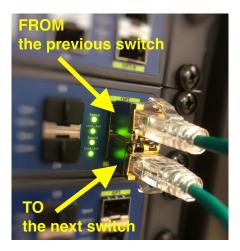
1. To register edge switches, plug an approved SFP into your Aggregation Switch's OPT port and one into the OPT port of the first edge switch in the daisy chain. Connect the two SFPs using your chosen medium (copper or fiber).





ONLY insert SFP modules into SFP ports if they are going to be connected to something.

2. After that first switch in the daisy chain, additional edge switches should be added by connecting the OPT port of the new switch with the OPT-R port of the previous switch.





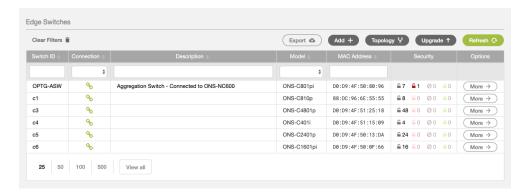
If your switch does not have an 'OPT-R' port, just use the port below the 'OPT' port

# Registering Edge Switches

- 1. Navigate to the Edge Switches menu.
- 2. Confirm that all Edge Switches have been automatically registered and are showing up as connected (green link icon.



It may take some time, depending on the number of Edge Switches in your system.



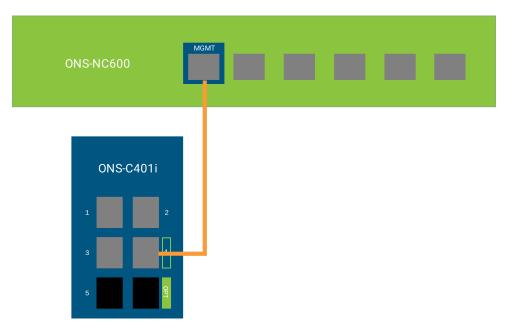


If any edge switches fail to register or go offline after initially registering, click on the 'Topology' button (above the 'Edge Switches' list) and then click the 'Check All SFP Ports' button in the topology window.

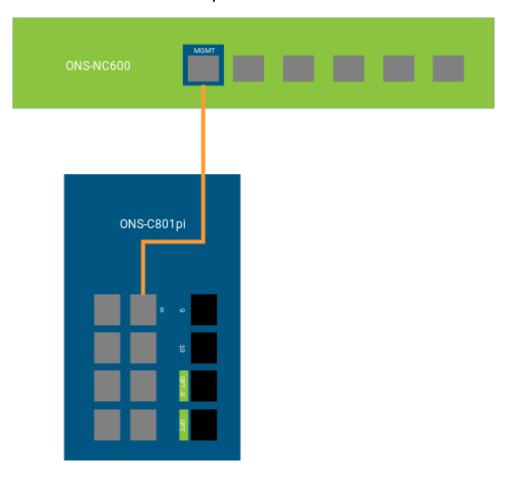
# Connecting A Hybrid Network

In all images below, grey ports are RJ45, whereas black ports are SFP slots.

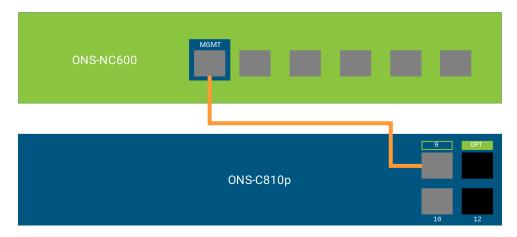
## NC-ONS-NC600 and NC-ONS-C401i



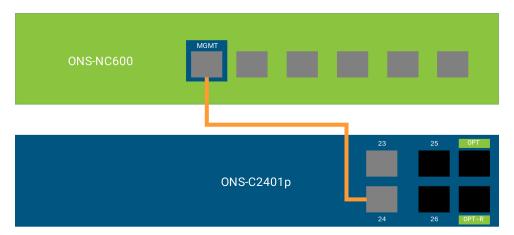
## NC-ONS-NC600 and NC-ONS-C801pi



## NC-ONS-NC600 and NC-ONS-C810p

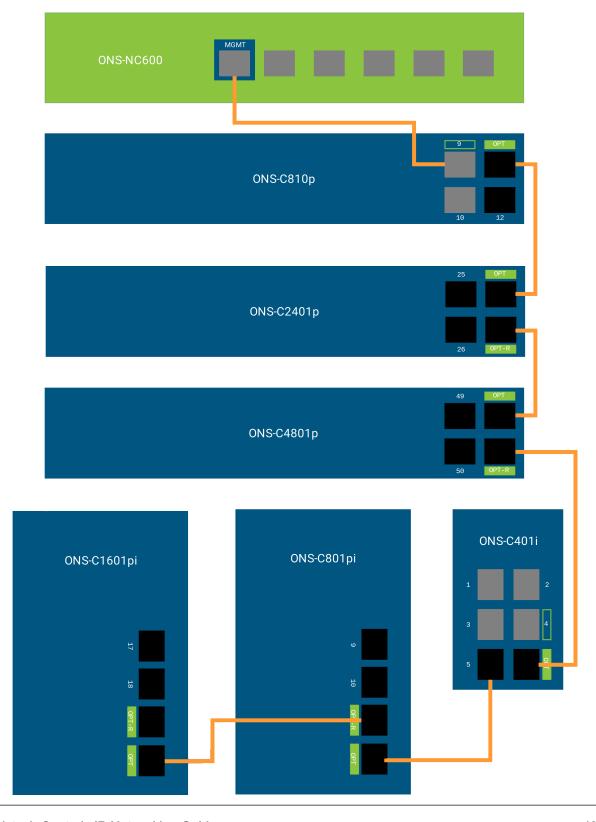


## NC-ONS-NC600 and NC-ONS-C2401p



## **Daisy Chaining Edge Switches**

You can daisy chain edge switches off of the aggregation switch from any SFP port. On the NC-ONS-C810p, port 10, which is an RJ45 port without PoE, can also be used for the daisy chain. When adding a new edge switch to the daisy chain, you must use the OPT port on the added edge switch. You can use any free SFP port to connect from the previous to the newly added edge switch. See the image below.



# **CHAPTER 12**

# **OneView Web Interface**

In the screenshots of this example, we have connected an NC-ONS-C401i and NC-ONS-C810p to the NC-ONS-S8.

## System Menu

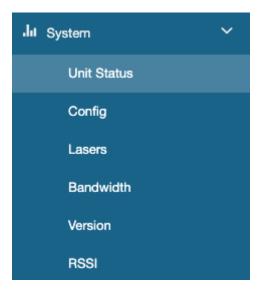
From the System menu, the user can view the unit status, change configuration settings, enable redundancy, monitor bandwidth, update software, and view incoming signal strength (if supported). These tabs are outlined in detail below.

#### **Unit Status**

OneView's **Unit Status** page provides a summary of your entire system's current state, including uptime, the NC-ONS-S8's temperature (not applicable in Hybrid systems), the number of Edge Switches you currently have online, the number of ports in the system that are connected to devices, and the state of the NC-ONS-S8's optical ports (not applicable in Hybrid systems). The system can also be reset from this page.

#### Accessing the Unit Status Page

To access the **Unit Status** page, just click on **Unit Status** in the **System** dropdown menu on the left side of the screen.

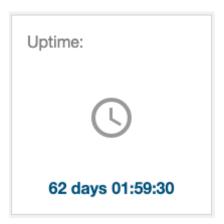




The Unit Status page is the first screen you see when you log into OneView

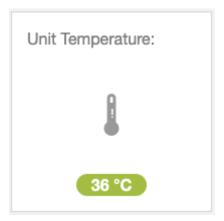
#### **Uptime**

This widget displays the total amount of time that has elapsed since the system was last powered up.



## **Unit Temperature**

This widget displays the NC-ONS-S8's current temperature (not applicable in Hybrid mode).



### **Edge Switches**

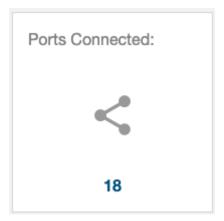
This widget displays the number of Edge Switches that are currently online (actual) versus the total number of Edge Switches that have ever registered with the system (expected).

For instance, if your system contained 10 Edge Switches, but only 8 of them were actually online and communicating with OneView, then it would read '8/10 Online'.



#### **Ports Connected**

This widget displays the number of ports in the system that are currently connected to devices. The ports on the system's Edge Switches and the Aggregation Switch are included in this total.



#### **Optical Ports**

This table displays the status of the optical ports on the NC-ONS-S8 (not applicable in Hybrid mode). In addition to indicating the temperature of the NC-ONS-SX-SFP plugged into each optical port (N/A if there's no SFP present), the current 'Link Status' is also displayed. You will see one of three potential Link Statuses:



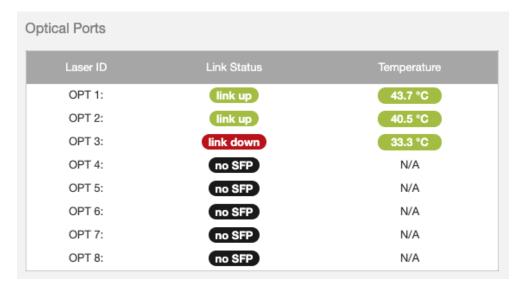
There is currently no SFP plugged into the optical port



There is an SFP plugged into the optical port, but no fiber-connected devices

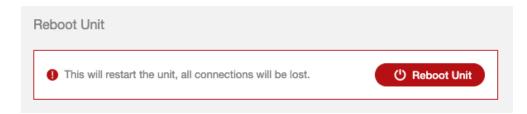


There is an SFP plugged into the optical port and fiber-connected devices



#### Reboot Unit

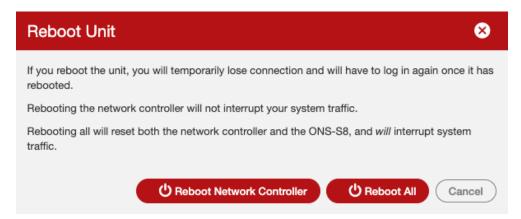
To reboot the system via OneView, click on the 'Reboot Unit' button at the bottom of the 'Unit Status' screen.



After pressing the 'Reboot Unit' button, a dialog box will appear that offers reboot options.

On Single-mode fiber only systems, the user will be presented with the option to reboot only the Network Controller (NC-ONS-NC600) or also the Aggregation Switch (NC-ONS-S8) at the same time (as in the above screenshot).

On Hybrid systems the only option available is to reboot the Network Controller, so only the 'Reboot Network Controller' button is visible.



## Config

OneView's **Config** page is where the user can configure the system's management IP address (i.e. the network address used to access OneView), clock settings (i.e. time, date, time-zone), the system's name, and the system's description. This is also where the entire system configuration can be backed up to a file or restored from a previously saved backup file.

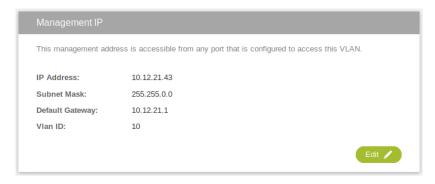
#### Accessing the Config Page

To access the **Config** page, just click on **Config** in the **System** dropdown menu on the left side of the screen.



#### Management IP

To change the Management IP settings, click the Edit button.



- □ **IP Address** (e.g. 10.12.21.43) is the address you type into the address bar of Chrome web browser to access OneView on your NC-ONS-NC600.
- Subnet Mask (e.g. 255.255.0.0) should match that of other devices on that same LAN (e.g. your management computer).
- □ **Default Gateway** (e.g. 10.12.21.1) should match that of other devices on that same LAN (e.g. your management computer).
- □ **VLAN ID** (e.g. 10) is required on all ports (on the Aggregation Switch or Edge Switches) that will be used to access OneView.

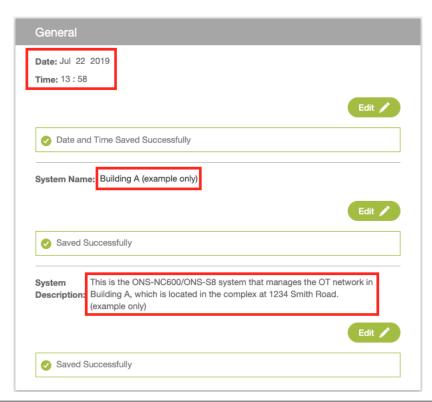
When you are finished, click the Save Data button.



Before changing the VLAN ID, make sure that there is at least one accessible port on the Aggregation Switch that is also configured with the VLAN ID you want to use. Failure to do so could result in the user being locked out of the system, necessitating a reset to default settings.

#### General

In the **General** section, you can set the clock (date, time, and time-zone), the system name, and the system description. Just click the **Edit** button beside each field.



#### Backup / Restore

In the **Backup** / **Restore** section, you can back up your OneView settings to a file. Just click on the **Backup** button and follow the prompts. Then, if you need to restore your system to those saved settings, click the **Restore** button and follow the prompts. It is highly recommended that you back up your system configuration whenever you finish making a set of changes.



#### Lasers

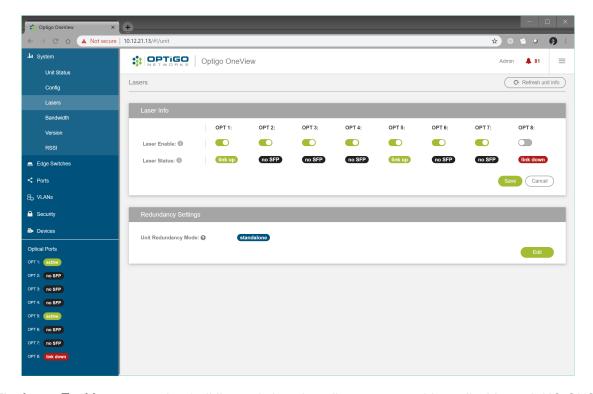
OneView's Lasers page consists of two sections: Laser Info and Redundancy Settings.



This page is only available when configured as a fiber network with an NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch.

#### Laser Info

The Laser Info section contains two rows: Laser Enable and Laser Status



The **Laser Enable** row contains 8 sliding switches that allow you to enable or disable each NC-ONS-S8 OPT port (OPT 1 to OPT 8).



When disabled, all Edge Switches connected to an OPT port will be disconnected, or de-registered, from the system and will no longer be passing traffic.

Do NOT forget to save your settings after making changes.

The Laser Status row displays three possible states:



No SFP is inserted into the OPT port



An SFP is inserted and at least one Edge Switch is connected/registered

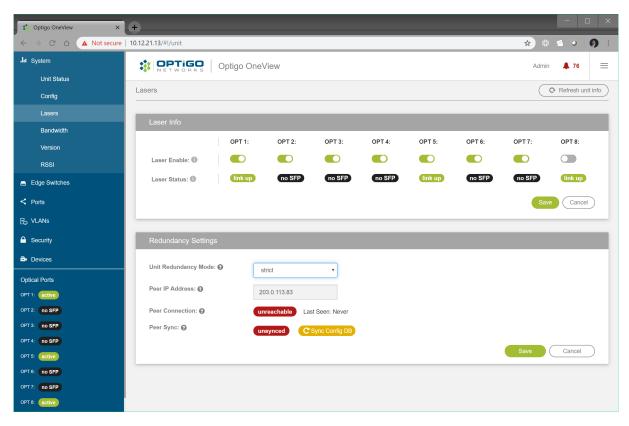


An SFP is inserted, but no Edge Switches are connected/registered



The ONS-S8 only accepts Optigo's ONS-SX-SFP transceivers.

## **Redundancy Settings**

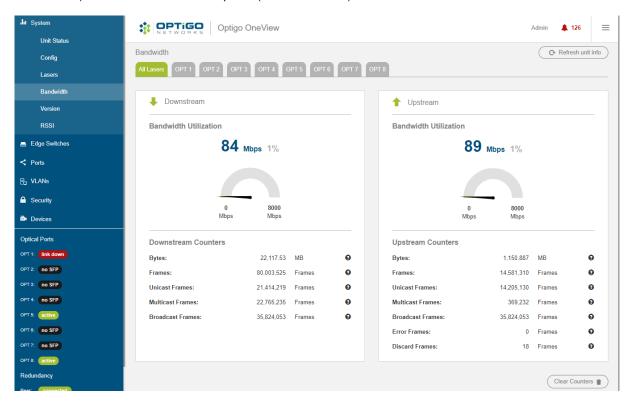


This section is for status and configuration of system redundancy, and includes the following:

Setting	Description
Unit Padundanay Mada	Strict (in redundancy mode)
Unit Redundancy Mode	Standalone (not in redundancy mode)
Peer IP Address	The IP address of the partner system
Peer Connection	The status of the link to the partner system
Peer Sync	The status of both systems' databases and a button to sync them

#### **Bandwidth**

OneView's **Bandwidth** page displays detailed network traffic information for the entire system (see 'All Lasers' tab) and for individual OPT ports (see 'OPT' tabs).





This page is only available when configured as a fiber network with an NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch.

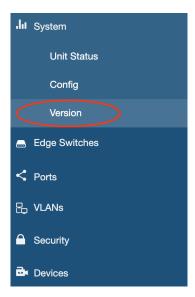
For each bandwidth tab at the top (All Lasers, OPT 1 through OPT 8) the network traffic information is displayed for two different 'directions', **Downstream** (NC-ONS-S8 to Edge Switches) and **Upstream** (Edge Switches to NC-ONS-S8), and contains the following information:

- Bandwidth Utilization (current average data rate and percentage of maximum)
- □ **Bytes** (the count since last counter reset)
- □ **Frames** (the count since last counter reset)
- □ Unicast Frames (the count since last counter reset)
- Multicast Frames (the count since last counter reset)
- □ **Broadcast Frames** (the count since last counter reset)

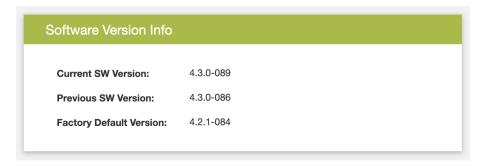
To clear all counters, just hit the Clear Counters button (bottom right).

#### Version

Software and Hardware version information and actions are available on the Version page.



#### Software Version Info



The **Software Version Info** section includes the current, previous, and factory default versions of the Optigo OneView application installed on the NC-ONS-NC600 network controller.



The previous software version field may be blank if the unit's software has never been updated.

#### Hardware Version Info

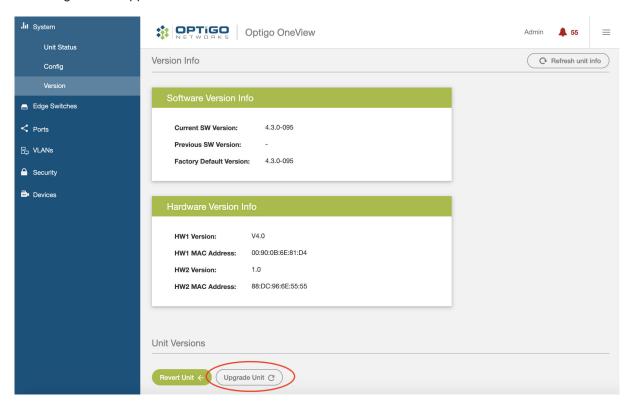


the Hardware Version Info for the NC-ONS-NC600 (HW1) and the attached Aggregation Switch (HW2). The MAC addresses for both of these units appear below their hardware version information.

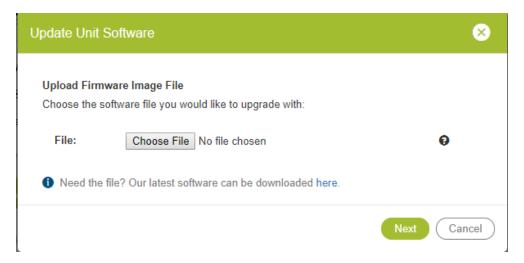
#### **Upgrade Procedure**

To upgrade the software you will need to obtain the latest NC-ONS-NC600 software package.

1. Click on the **Upgrade Unit** button at the bottom of the 'Version' screen. The Upgrade Unit Software dialog box will appear.



2. Click the **Choose File** button and find the new software on your computer (e.g. Downloads). Once you have chosen the software package, click the **Next** button.



Wait for the upgrade to complete and the ONS-NC600 to reboot, which may take up to 5 minutes. During this time you will lose access to the OneView GUI. Once the reboot is complete, you can reload the GUI and navigate to the 'Version' page to confirm that the upgrade was successful. Please note that you may have to refresh your browser.

#### **RSSI**

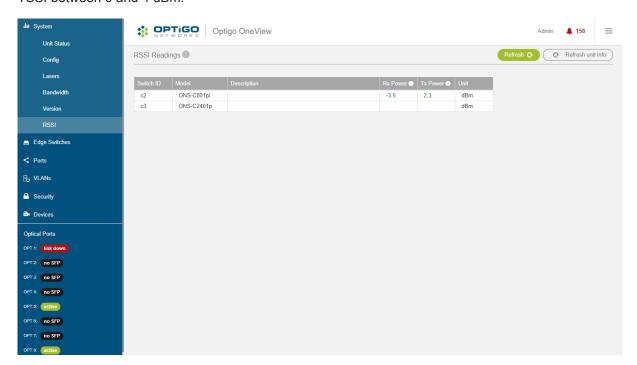
The **RSSI** page shows the list of Edge Switches with the corresponding receive and transmit signal strength of their transceivers (NC-ONS-CX-SFP).



This page is only available when configured as a fiber network with an NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch.

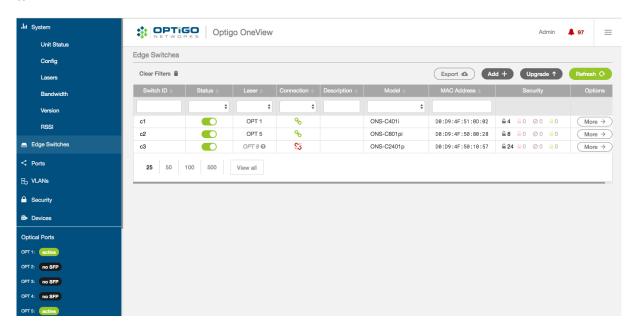
**Rx Power** is an RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator), which is a measurement of the amount of light received by the NC-ONS-CX-SFP transceiver. The NC-ONS-CX-SFP supports a maximum RSSI of -3 dBm and a minimum RSSI of -27 dBm.

**Tx Power** is a TSSI (Transmitted Signal Strength Indicator), which is a measurement of the amount of light transmitted by the NC-ONS-CX-SFP transceiver. The NC-ONS-CX-SFP is expected to have a TSSI between 0 and 4 dBm.

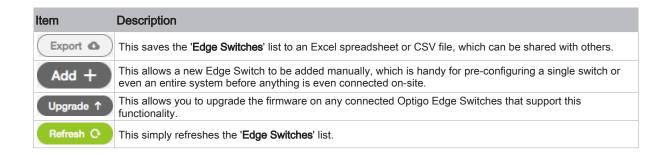


# Edge Switches (Fiber Only)

The **Edge Switches** page shows the list of active and inactive Edge Switches in your fiber network. When you make edits, make sure to click the 'Save Changes' button (bottom) before leaving that screen. If you change your mind after modifying some settings, simply click the 'Cancel Changes' button.



Item	Description		
Switch ID	witch ID An identifier for quick reference. This value can be edited.		
Status	Each slider switch in this column can be used to enable (right/green) or disable (left/gray) the entire Edge Switch.		
Laser	This indicates which NC-ONS-S8 optical port (OPT 1 - OPT 8) the Edge Switch's NC-ONS-CX-SFP is connected to via its fiber network.		
	A switch is active if the link is green.		
Connection	A switch is inactive if the link is red.		
Connection	A green link with a yellow triangle means the switch is active and troubled.		
	A red link with a grey triangle means the switch is inactive and troubled.		
Description	Use this field to record meaningful information about your Edge Switch (e.g. location).		
Model This is the Optigo model number for the Edge Switch.			
MAC Address	This is the Edge Switch's Media Access Control (MAC) address, which is unique to each Edge Switch.		
	The grey lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that do not have MAC address authorization rules set.		
Security	The red lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that have MAC address authorization rules set but are disabled.		
<b>4 6</b> 0 ⊘ 0 <b>6</b> 0	The red prohibition (or 'do not') symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that are disabled.		
	The green lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that have MAC address authorization rules set and are enabled.		
	Summary contains Transceiver Info, Edge Switch Info, PoE Budget, PoE by port.		
	NOTE: PoE-related information is omitted on non-POE Edge Switches.		
Options	<b>Ports</b> This tab is similar to the main Ports page, but only applies to that particular Edge Switch. In addition, mirror ports can be configured here by clicking on the square icon in the top-right.		
	<b>OneClick Security</b> This tab allows you to secure your Connect Spectra system similarly to how you would on the Security page, but only applies to that particular Edge Switch, not globally.		
Clear Filters	Click Clear Filters  to remove any filters that may be chosen.		





The white boxes at the top of the 'Edge Switches' list allow you to filter by one or more of the following parameters:

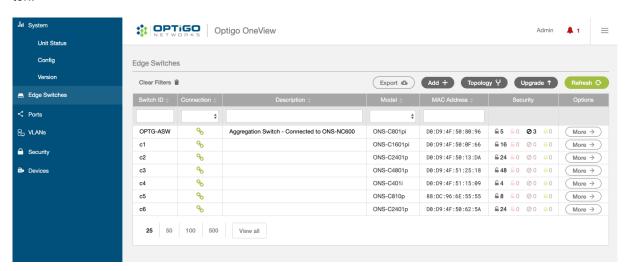
- □ Switch ID
- □ Status
- □ Laser
- Connection
- Description
- ☐ Model
- □ MAC Address

To clear your filters, simply click Clear Filters

# Edge Switches (Hybrid)

The **Edge Switches** page shows the list of active and inactive Edge Switches in your hybrid network. When you make edits, make sure to click the 'Save Changes' button (bottom) before leaving that screen. If you change your mind after modifying some settings, simply click the 'Cancel Changes' button.

The 'Edge Switches' page shows the list of active and inactive Edge Switches in your hybrid system. When you make edits, make sure to click the 'Save Changes' button (bottom) before leaving that screen. If you change your mind after modifying some settings, simply click the 'Cancel Changes' button.



Item	Description
Switch ID	An identifier for quick reference. This value can be edited.
	A switch is active if the link is green.
0	A switch is inactive if the link is red.
Connection	A green link with a yellow triangle means the switch is active and troubled.
	A red link with a grey triangle means the switch is inactive and troubled.
Description	Use this field to record meaningful information about your Edge Switch (e.g. location).
Model	This is the Optigo model number for the Edge Switch.
MAC Address	This is the Edge Switch's Media Access Control (MAC) address, which is unique to each Edge Switch.
	The grey lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that do not have MAC address authorization rules set.
Security	The red lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that have MAC address authorization rules set but are disabled.
<b>4 6</b> 0 <b>0</b> 0 <b>6</b> 0	The red prohibition (or 'do not') symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that are disabled.
	The green lock symbol indicates the number of ports on the Edge Switch that have MAC address authorization rules set and are enabled.
	Summary Contains Edge Switch Info, PoE Budget, PoE by port.
	NOTE: PoE-related information is omitted on non-POE Edge Switches.
Options	<b>Ports</b> This tab is similar to the main Ports page, but only applies to that particular Edge Switch. In addition, mirror ports can be configured here by clicking on the square icon in the top-right.
	OneClick Security This tab allows you to secure your hybrid system similarly to how you would on the Security page, but only applies to that particular Edge Switch, not globally.
Clear Filters	Click Clear Filters  to remove any filters that may be chosen.
Export 🖎	This saves the 'Edge Switches' list to an Excel spreadsheet or CSV file, which can be shared with others.
Add +	This allows a new Edge Switch to be added manually, which is handy for pre-configuring a single switch or even an entire system before anything is even connected on-site.
Topology 🖞	This displays a diagram showing how all Edge Switches in the system are connected to the Aggregation Switch. Just click the 'Check All SFP Ports' button if any switches are missing from the diagram.





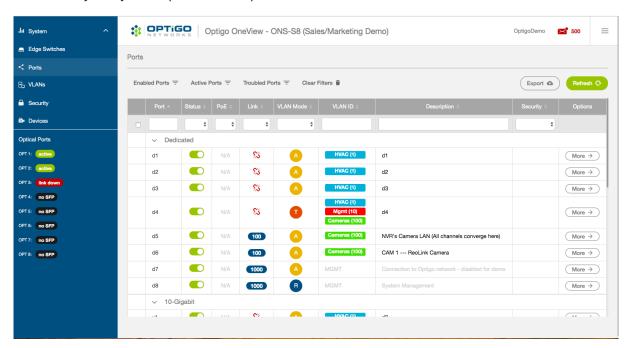
The white boxes at the top of the 'Edge Switches' list allow you to filter by one or more of the following parameters:

- Switch ID
- Connection
- Description
- □ Model
- □ MAC Address

To clear your filters, simply click Clear Filters

## **Ports**

Clicking on 'Ports' (in the left-hand menu) will bring you to the 'Ports' page, which allows you to configure each of your system's ports for the specific devices connected to them.



Here, you will see every port for every Edge Switch that is connected to the system. This list is also updated as each new switch is added.

As you plug in each Edge Switch, it will automatically appear with an auto-assigned device ID and model number, such as 'c1 (ONS-C2401p)'. We recommend documenting each device ID in your configuration spreadsheet and/or updating the device name in the 'Edge Switches' page.



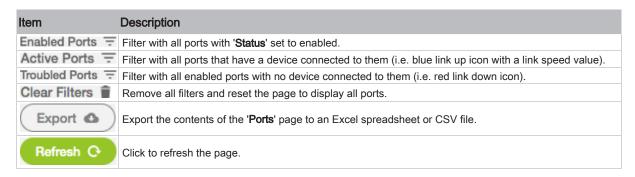
Although a fiber system with an NC-ONS-S8 was used for the, the 'Ports' page in a hybrid system is almost identical. The only real difference is that hybrid systems do not have optical ports.

Item	Description
Port	This field displays the port's number and the switch it belongs to. For instance, the first port on a 24-port NC-ONS-C2401p Edge Switch with a switch ID of 'c4' would be listed as 'c4-01' and the last port on that switch would be listed as 'c4-24'.
	If odd and even ports have green arrows pointing to each other (e.g. port 1 is pointing to port 2, port 7 is pointing to port 8, etc), then these ports are paired (see 'Device / Security' below).
	You can enable or disable individual ports by toggling the 'Status' slider switch:
Status	Enabled
	Disabled.
	You can control PoE (Power-over-Ethernet) power to individual ports by toggling the 'PoE' slider switch: right/green
PoE	Power ON
	Power OFF
	Note: Switches that do not support PoE will have n/a in this column.
	This field displays the link state:
	Switch is disabled/off or the port is disabled
Link	Link is down (i.e. does not have a device connected)
	Link is up and the number is the speed of the link (in Mbps)
VLAN Mode	This column indicates whether the VLAN is in access (A), trunk (T), or local (L) mode. Click on the field to change the mode and click "Save Changes" in the bottom right.
VLAN ID	This column allows you to set the VLAN for each port. Click on it to change the VLAN. A dropdown of VLANs you are already using will show up, but you can write in any VLAN number (between 2 and 4092). If you have already set the VLAN name and color in the VLANs page, these will automatically populate. Make sure you save your changes before leaving the screen.
Description	In this section you can fill in any info you like, such as which device is connected to that port, where it is located, etc. Don't forget to save your changes when you're done.
	This column shows you if the port has been secured to only accept traffic from a certain MAC address (or addresses in the case of device loops).
	The port will accept traffic from any device.
Security	
	Click on the lock icon to see which MACs are authorized for that port, and the associated vendor.
	The accepted MACs can be set individually for each port by clicking on the button in the 'Options' column. They can also be applied across the entire network using OneClick Secure.
Options	Clicking on the More button in the 'Options' column will give you detailed information about the port.

#### **Filters**



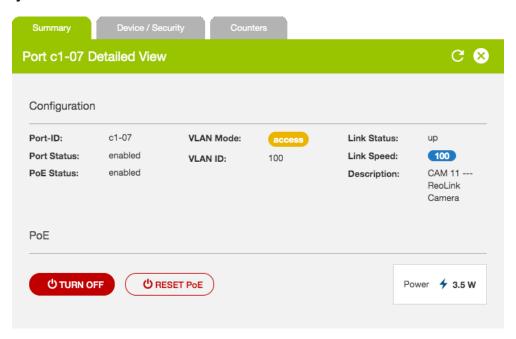
The top row of the 'Ports' table contains fields for filtering for specific ports (e.g. port number, status, VLAN Mode, etc).



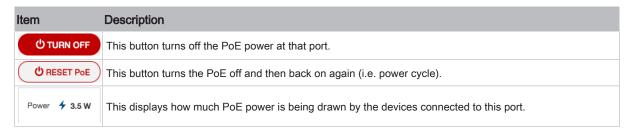
#### **Detailed View**

Clicking on the More button in the 'Options' column will give you detailed information about the port.

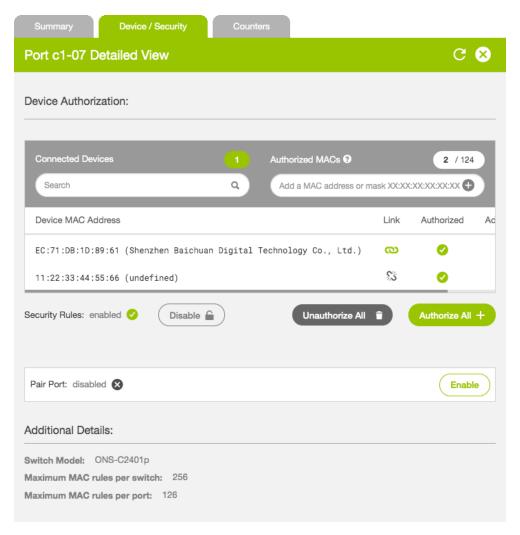
#### Summary



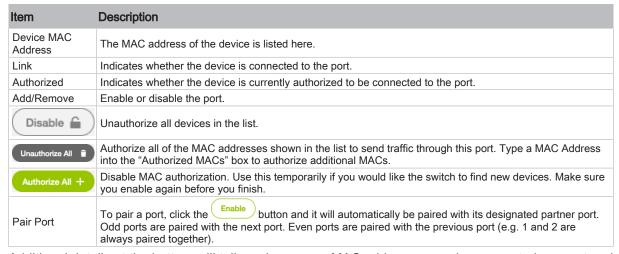
The summary contains much of the same information seen on the main '**Ports**' screen, however for PoE devices it also includes the following options:



#### **Device / Security**

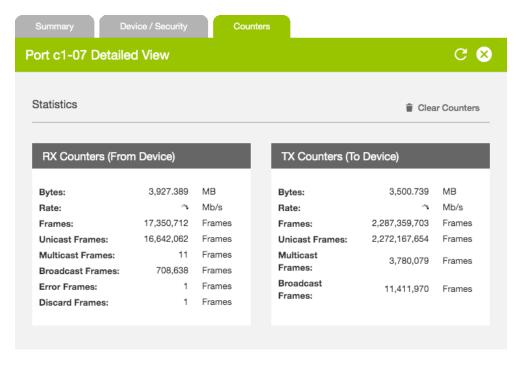


This table will automatically populate with any devices that are connected to that port. If there are multiple devices connected to the port, use the search bar to find specific devices. The table contains the following info and options:



Additional details at the bottom will tell you how many MAC addresses can be connected per port and per switch, depending on the model.

#### Counters



The 'Counters' tab provides the current statistics for network traffic to and from the device connected to that port.

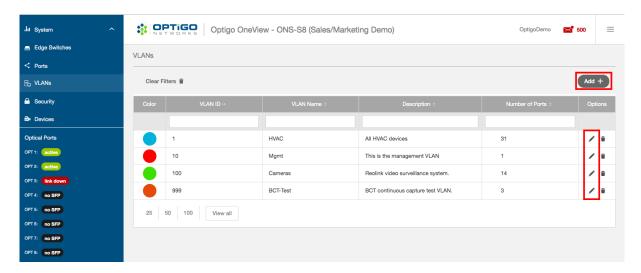
## **VLANs**

The VLANs page allows you to configure names and colors for each VLAN. For example, if all HVAC devices are on VLAN 5, you can call VLAN 5 'HVAC' and make it blue. Then, when you go to the Ports page, each port will be color-coded with the VLAN name.

Navigate to the VLANs page from the left-hand side of the OneView screen, click on VLANs.



#### Edit or Add a VLAN

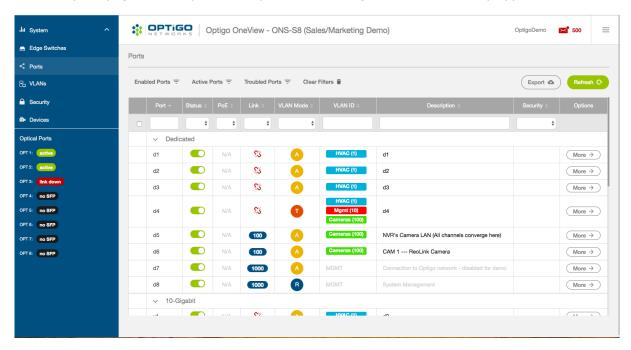


Any VLAN IDs that are already being used will be listed. To edit them, click on the pen icon in the Options column and then change the Color, VLAN ID, VLAN Name, or Description. The 'Number of Ports' value, which is auto-generated, displays the number of ports on the entire system that are configured with the specified VLAN ID.

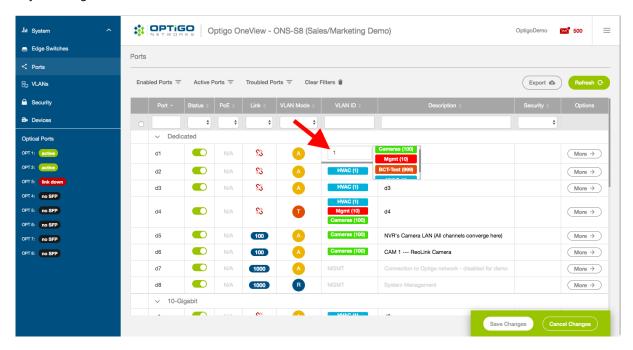
To add additional VLANs, click on the 'Add +' button in the top right corner, and enter the required information.

#### Go to the Ports Page

Go to the ports page and verify that all of your VLAN settings have been correctly applied.

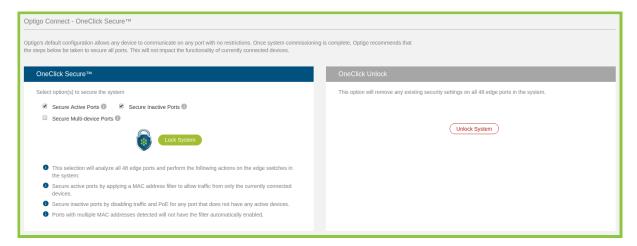


When clicking into a VLAN ID field on the Ports page, a drop-down list will appear containing all of the VLANs that have been created so far. Choose from that dropdown list or create a new one by manually entering a new number.



# Security

Under Security, you can secure active and inactive ports or unlock the system at the click of a button using OneClick Secure. Navigate to the 'Security' page.



OneClick Secure will not impact traffic for any currently connected devices.

In order to secure the system, simply click the 'Lock System' button. The recommended options are already selected when you navigate to the page.



Upon completion, there will be a result summary displayed, with the modified port configurations highlighted in light-blue.



#### Secure Active Ports

Selecting this option (checkbox) will apply MAC address authorization rules automatically. The points below cover the exact behavior in more detail.

- If a port has MAC address authorization enabled, it will not be affected by OneClick Secure. Any device that was connected to that port when the 'Lock System' button was clicked, will still be allowed to pass traffic on that port.
- MAC address authorization will be applied to Edge Switch ports that have single device connected to them.
- ☐ If there is a single device authorization rule that is disabled on a port, then the rule will be replaced if there is a different device detected.
- No configurations will be applied to the port if the link status is up, but no devices are detected on the port.
- □ When there are multiple devices, authorization rules are added to allow all of them to communicate, but the rules are not automatically enabled. This behavior is important, because some devices may not communicate frequently enough to be detected.



When multiple devices are detected, you can view them using the 'View all MACs' button. It is important to note that **OneClick Secure will not remove old authorization rules, even if the device is not detected** in the most recent iteration.





#### Secure Inactive Ports

Selecting this option will automatically disable the traffic and PoE on any Edge Switch port that has link status down.

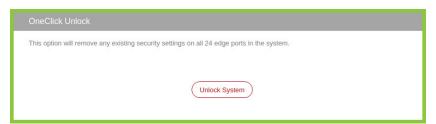


#### Secure Multi-device Ports

When this option is selected, the ports with multiple devices detected will have rules automatically enabled. As said in the warning shown when this option is selected, this option may adversely affect traffic for certain types of devices, if care is not taken.

#### **Unlock System**

Clicking on this button will enable traffic and PoE and disable MAC address authorization on all Edge Switch ports. All MAC address authorization rules are kept intact, but traffic will be allowed on all ports.



#### **Filters**

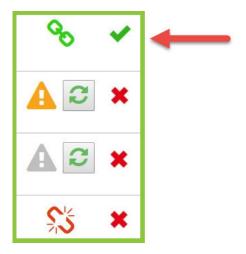
You can filter the OneClick Secure result summary using the buttons located directly above the results. By default, no filters will be applied.



#### Offline Edge Switches

OneClick Secure will not change the settings of Edge Switches that do not currently have management access.

Below you will see the possible symbols that can appear under the 'Connection' column on the 'Edge Switches' page. OneClick Secure will only configure Edge Switches that have the green link symbol, which represents the online state.

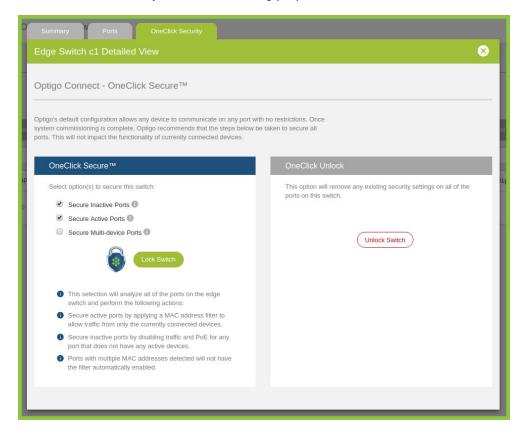


## Secure Individual Edge Switches

You can also apply OneClick Secure to individual switches, rather than to all Edge Switches at once. To do this, navigate to the 'Edge Switches' page, then click More of the desired Edge Switch. In the popup window, click on the 'OneClick Security' tab.



You should see that Edge Switch's OneClick Secure view. Apart from only applying settings to the currently viewed Edge Switch, the behavior of OneClick Secure on this page is exactly the same as on the Security page. This allows you to have more control over which switches you want to lock down at a given time, which can be handy for troubleshooting purposes.



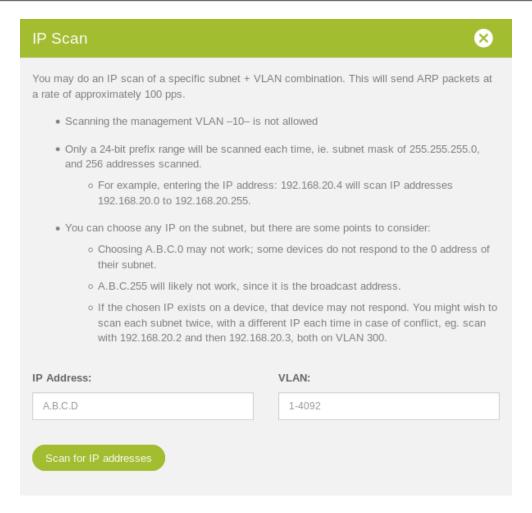
## **Devices**

The devices page allows you to see devices that were discovered on the Edge Switch ports for a given timestamp. The primary information discovered is the MAC address of the device and the Edge Switch port that it is connected to. If a device's IP address is detected during the scan, it will also be displayed. This page helps users keep track of the devices connected to their system, including associated security rules.

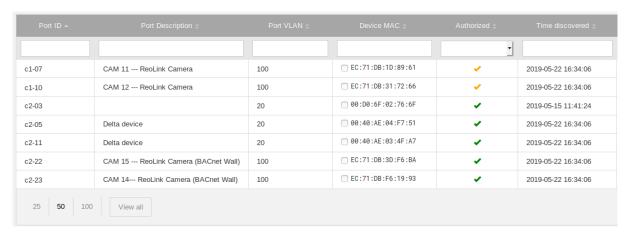
Navigate to the Devices page from the left-hand side of the OneView screen and click on 'Devices'.

#### Discovery

To discover devices, click the button on the top-right. It will open a prompt where you can input an IP address and VLAN to attempt to discover devices. Please note that it will scan with a 24-bit subnet, and you cannot scan on the MGMT VLAN (e.g. 10 in the screenshot below). This procedure will also discover MAC addresses on all Edge Switch ports regardless of VLAN or subnet, using the forwarding database of the Edge Switch.



Devices that have already been discovered will be displayed in the table that you see when you navigate to the page. Use the filters and different sorting methods to narrow down your search.

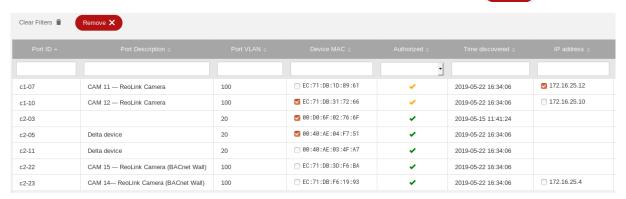


If an IP address is found for a device, it will be displayed in the 'IP address' column of the table. However, IP addresses that respond during the scan, but do not have a MAC address entry, will not be added to the table.

IP address \$	IP scan time 💠	Scanned VLAN \$
<b>172.16.25.12</b>	2019-05-22 16:34:01	100
172.16.25.10	2019-05-22 16:34:01	100
<b>172.16.25.4</b>	2019-05-22 16:34:01	100

#### **Deleting Entries**

You can delete IP address entries and MAC address entries. Deleting the IP address will remove it from the table but leave the device entry. Deleting the MAC address will remove the entire device entry (i.e. the entire row). Just check the item you want to delete and then click the Remove x button.



#### IP Addresses with No Entry

As mentioned earlier, IP addresses with no known MAC-port association will not be displayed in the table. This means that devices plugged into the Aggregation Switch, which at the time of this writing does not support MAC address discovery in OneView, will not show up in the table. This also applies to Edge Switches that are stuck in the 'failed' state, where the switch's management is inaccessible, but traffic is still passing through the switch.

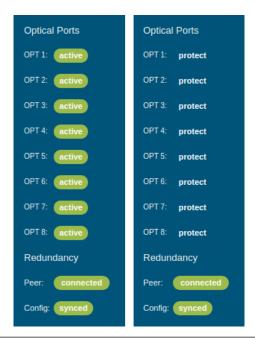
# **Optical Ports (Fiber System Only)**

The Optical Ports section on the left-hand side of the screen displays a quick summary of the state of all of the ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch's optical ports (OPT 1 - OPT 8).



Item	Description
active	The laser is on and Edge Switches are connected.
link down	The laser is on, but no Edge Switches are detected or it is in redundant protect mode and no light is detected in the fiber.
disabled	The laser has been manually disabled.
protect	The laser is off but detecting light in the fiber connection.
no SFP	There is no SFP physically plugged into the OPT port.

In a redundant system, where one of the system's NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switches is completely in **active** mode (passing traffic on all of its lasers) and the other NC-ONS-S8 Aggregation Switch is completely in **protect** mode (in standby and not passing traffic on any of its lasers), the systems' **Optical Ports** sidebar displays would look like this:



# CHAPTER 13 Installing and Setting Up a Layer 3 Router

For the installation procedure and configuration for the Optigo provided MikroTik router, please visit <a href="https://optigo.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/360041361732-Router-Management-with-OneView-">https://optigo.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/360041361732-Router-Management-with-OneView-</a>.

